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#### Issue Date : October 2015

### Product Name : ETHANOL Undenatured

#### Classified as hazardous

1. Identification				
GHS Product	ETHANOL Undenatured			
Identifier				
Company Name	Bacto Laboratories Pty Ltd			
Address	310-312 Elizabeth Drive, Mt Pritchard, NSW, 2170 Australia Tel: (02) 9823 9000			
Telephone/Fax	Fax: (02) 9601 8293			
Number	Solvent for resins, fats, fatty acids, oils, hydrocarbons; extraction medium; manufacture of acetaldehyde,			
of the chemical and	acetic acid, ethylene, butadiene, 2-ethyl hexanol, dyes, pharmaceuticals, elastomers, detergents, cleaning preparations, surface coatings, cosmetics, explosives, antifreeze, beverages, antiseptic			
restrictions on use	gasohol, yeast-growth medium, octane booster in gasoline and laboratory reagent.			
Other Names	Name			
	Alcohol 70%			
	Ethyl alcohol 70%			
	ETHANOL Undenatured 70%			
Other Information	Business hours: 8:30am to 5:00pm. Monday to Friday.			
•				
	The manufacturer does not warrant that this product is suitable for any use or purpose. The user must			
	ascertain the suitability of the product before use or application intended purpose. Preliminary testing of			
	the product before use or application is recommended. Any reliance or purported reliance upon with			
	respect to any skill or judgement or advice in relation to the suitability of this product of any purpose is disclaimed. Except to the extent prohibited at law, any condition implied by any statute as to the			
	merchantable quality of this product or fitness for any purpose is hereby excluded. This product is not			
	sold by description. Where the provisions of Part V, Division 2 of the Trade Practices Act apply, the			
	liability of the supplier is limited to the replacement of supply of equivalent goods or payment of the cost			
<u> </u>				
2. Hazard Identifi				
of the	Eye Damage/Initiation. Category 2A Flammable Liquids: Category 2			
substance/mixture				
Signal Word (s)	DANGER			
Hazard Statement	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.			
(s)	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.			
Pictogram (s)	Flame, Exclamation mark,			
	$\mathbf{V}$			
Precautionary	P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.			
statement –	P233 Keep container tightly closed.			
Prevention	P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/ /equipment			
	P242 Use only non-sparking tools.			
	P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.			

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Precautionary statement – Response	<ul> <li>P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.</li> <li>P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.</li> <li>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.</li> <li>P370+P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction.</li> </ul>				
Precautionary statement – Storage Precautionary statement – Disposal	P403+P235 Store in a well P501 Dispose of contents/	-ventilated place. Ki	eep cool. roved waste dispos	sal plant.	
3. Composition/i	nformation on ingredi	ents			
Chemical	Liquid				
Ingredients	<u>Name</u> Ethyl alcohol	<u>CAS</u> 64-17-5	Proportion 68-72 %	<u>Hazard Symbol</u>	<u>Risk Phrase</u>
	Water	7732-18-5	28-32 %		
4. First-aid meas	ures				
Inhalation Ingestion	If inhaled, remove from cor breathing. If breathing is di Rinse mouth thoroughly wi	ntaminated area to f fficult, give oxygen. th water immediatel	resh air immediate Get medical aid if y. Give plenty of v	ely. Apply artificial resp cough or other sympt vater to drink. Do not	piration if not oms appear. induce vomiting.
Skin	Wash affected areas with copious quantities of water immediately. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. If swelling, redness, blistering or irritation occurs seek medical advice.				
Eye contact	Immediately irrigate with copious quantity of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids to be held open. Seek medical attention.				
First Aid Facilities	Maintain eyewash fountain	and safety shower	in work area.		
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically based on judgement of doctor and individual reactions of the patient.				
Other Information	For advice, contact a Poise 766) or a doctor at once.	ons Information Cen	tre (Phone eg Aus	tralia 13 1126; New Z	ealand 0800 764
5. Fire-fighting m	neasures				
Hazards from Combustion Products Specific Methods	Oxides of carbon. Caution: Use of water spra	y when fighting fire	may be inefficient.		
Specific hazards arising from the	Small fire: Use foam, dry chemical, CO2 or water spray. Large fire: Use foam, fog or water spray - Do not use water jets. If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. HIGHLY FLAMMABLE: These products have a low flash point - Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames at ambient temperatures. Vapours will form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours will travel to source of ignition and flash back. Fire may produce irritating, poisonous and/or corrosive cases				
Harchem Code	Containers may explode withan air and will collect in lo create an explosion hazarc	hen heated. Many li ow or confined area	quids are lighter th s (drains, baseme	an water. Many vapo nts, tanks). Vapours fr	om run-off may
Procautions in	SCRA and attructural firstia	hter's uniform move	provide limited prof	ection Fully apparent	lating and tight
connection with Fire	suits should be worn for ma	aximum protection.	orovide inflited prot	ection. rully-encapsu	iaung, gas-tight
6. Accidental rele	ease measures				
Spills & Disposal	ELIMINATE all ignition sou	rces (no smoking, fl	ares, sparks or fla	me) within at least 50	m - All equipment

used in handling the product must be earthed. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak if safe to do so - Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Vapour-suppressing foam may be used to control vapours. Absorb spill with earth, sand or other non-combustible material - Use clean, non-sparking tools to collect material and place it in loosely-covered metal or plastic containers for later

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Personal	disposal. Water spray may be used to knock SEEK EXPERT ADVICE ON HANDLING AN Evacuate the area of all non-essential perso	k down or divert ID DISPOSAL. onnel. Remove	t vapour cloud	ds. ces	
Precautions Personal Protection	Wear protective clothing specified for norma	al operations (se	ee Section 8)		
7. Handling and s	storage				
Precautions for Safe	Do not breathe vapour. Avoid contact with e	yes, skin and c	lothing. Avoid	l prolonge	d or repeated
Handling	exposure. Take precautionary measures ag	ainst static disc	charges.	urooo of ia	nition Store away
storage, including	from oxidizing agents. Store away from strong acids. Keep containers securely sealed and protected				
any	against physical damage. Do not store in pi	its or basement	s where vapo	ours may b	ecome entrapped. Do
incompatabilities	not store in aluminium containers. Take pre	cautionary mea	isures agains	t static ele	ctricity discharges.
Storage Regulations	liquids'.	The storage and	a nanaling or	nammable	and compustible
8. Exposure cont	rols/personal protection				
Occupational	Name	STEL	T۱	NA	
exposure limit values					
	<u>mg/m</u>	<u>3 ppm</u>	<u>mg/m3</u>	ppm	<u>Footnote</u>
	Ethyl alcohol		1880	1000	
Other Exposure	A time weighted average (TWA) has been en	stablished for E	thyl alcohol (	Safe Work	Australia) of 1,880
Information	particular substance when calculated over a	a normal 8 hour	working day	for a 5 day	v working week.
Appropriate	In industrial situations maintain the concentr	rations values b	elow the TW	A. This ma	y be achieved by
engineering controls	process modification, use of local exhaust ve	entilation, captu	uring substan	ces at the	source, or other
Respiratory	Where ventilation is not adequate, respirato	ry protection ma	ay be require	d. Avoid b	preathing vapours or
Protection	mists. Select and use respirators in accorda	ance with AS 17	716 - Respira	tory Protec	ctive Devices and be
	selected in accordance with AS 1/15 - Selected in accordance with AS 1/15 - Selected the selected in accordance with AS 1/15 - Selected the selected in accordance with AS 1/15 - Selected the selected in accordance with AS 1/15 - Selected the selected in accordance with AS 1/15 - Selected the selected in accordance with AS 1/15 - Selected the selected in accordance with AS 1/15 - Selected the selected in accordance with AS 1/15 - Selected the selected in accordance with AS 1/15 - Selected the selected in accordance with AS 1/15 - Selected the selected the selected in accordance with AS 1/15 - Selected the sele	ction, Use and I	Maintenance	of Respira	atory Protective
	recommended: Approved respirator with org	anic vapour an	d dust/mist fil	ters. Filte	r capacity and
	respirator type depends on exposure levels.				
Eye Protection	The use of a face shield, chemical goggles of Must comply with Australian Standards AS 1	or safety glasse	ected and us	hield prote	ction as appropriate.
Hand Protection	Hand protection should comply with AS 216	1, Occupational	l protective gl	loves - Sel	ection, use and
	maintenance. Recommendation: PVC, nec	oprene, or nitril	e rubber glov	es.	.,
Personal Protective	Final choice of personal protective equipments	nt will depend c	on individual o	circumstan	ices and/or according
Footwear	Safety boots in industrial situations is adviso	ory, foot protect	ion should co	mply with	AS 2210,
	Occupational protective footwear - Guide to	selection, care	and use. Re	commend	ation: Rubber boots.
Body Protection	Flame retardant protective clothing. Clean c	lothing or prote	ctive clothing	Should be	e worn, preferably with
	Against Hazardous Chemicals.				
Hygiene Measures	Always wash hands before smoking, eating	or using the toi	let. Wash cor	ntaminated	l clothing and other
O Dhusiaal and a	protective equipment before storing of re-us	ang.			
9. Physical and c	hemical properties				
Appearance	Colourless transparent volatile liquid				
Odour	Ethereal vinous odour				
Molting Point					
Menning Follit	-114 °C - 95%				
Boiling Point	78.3 °C - 100%				
Solubility in Water	78 °C - 95% Miscible				
Solubility in Organia	Misciple with methanol, ether, chloroform an	nd acetone			
Solvents					

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Specific Gravity	0.7893 - 100% 0.8042 - 95% 0.8676 - 70%			
Volatile Component	70 - 100%			
Flash Point	9 °C - 100% 12.7 °C - 95%			
Flammability	HIGHLY FLAMMABLE. Keep away from heat, sparks or naked flames. Use flameproof equipment and fittings to prevent flammability risk. Electrically link and ground metal containers for transfer of the product to prevent accumulation of static electricity. Ensure adequate ventilation to prevent an explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapours will travel considerable distances to sources of ignition.			
Auto-Ignition	422 °C - 95%			
Temperature Flammable Limits -	3.5% - 100%			
Flammable Limits - Upper	19% - 100%			
Molecular Weight	46.08			
Other Information	Taste: Pungent taste.			
10. Stability and				
Chemical Stability	Stable under normal use conditons.			
Conditions to Avoid	Heat, sparks, flame and build-up of static electricity.			
Incompatible Materials	Oxidising agents, peroxides, acids, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides, alkali metals and ammonia.			
Hazardous Decomposition Products	May liberate toxic fumes in fire producing carbon monoxide and or carbon dioxide.			
Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur.			
11. Toxicological	Information			
Acute Toxicity - Oral	LD50 (rat): 7060 mg/kg			
Acute Toxicity -	LD50 (rabbit): 15800 mg/kg (anhydrous substance).			
Acute Toxicity -	LC50 (rat): 38 mg/l/10h			
Ingestion	May cause nausea, vomiting, headache, dizziness, gastric irritation and CNS depression.			
Inhalation	Irritating to the mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Risk of absorption. May cause headaches, dizziness, nausea and possible CNS effects.			
Skin	May cause irritation. Will have a degreasing action on the skin.			
Eye	May cause irritation and watering. High concentrations of vapours may cause irritation.			
Carcinogenicity	Ethanol [61-17-5] in alcoholic beverages are evaluated in the IARC Monographs (Vol. 96) as Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans, (based on effects of drinking alcoholic beverages). Safe Work Australia does not classify ethanol as a carcinogen.			
Health Hazard	Though it is rapidly oxidized in the body and is therefore non-cumulative, ingestion of even moderate amounts causes lowering of inhibitions, often succeeded by dizziness, headache, or nausea. Larger intake causes loss of motor nerve control, shallow respiration, and in extreme cases unconsciousness and even death. Degree of intoxication is determined by concentration of alcohol in the brain. Of primary importance is the fact that intake of moderate amounts together with barbiturates or similar drugs is extremely dangerous and may even be fatal.			
Unronic Effects	disorders.			
Mutagenicity	No evidence of mutagenic properties.			
12. Ecological int	formation			

Ecotoxicity

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In high concentrations: Toxic for aquatic organisms. When used properly, no impairments in the function of waste-water-treatment plants are to be expected.

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Persistence and degradability Mobility	Readily biodegradable. Degree of elimination: 94% log P(o/w): -0.32.
Bioaccumulative Potential	Low probability of bioaccumulation (log P(o/w) <1). Further ecologic data: BOD5: 0.93 - 1.67 g/g (anhydrous substance); COD: 1.99 g/g (anhydrous substance); ThOD: 2.10 g/g (anhydrous substance).
Short Summary of Assessment of Environmental Impact	No ecological problems are to be expected when the product is handled and used with due care and attention.
Acute Toxicity - Fish	LC50 (L. idus): 8140 mg/l/48 h (anhydrous substance).
Acute Toxicity - Daphnia	EC50(Daphnia magna): 9268 - 14221 mg/l/48 h (anhydrous substance).
Acute Toxicity - Algae	IC5(Sc. quadricauda): 5000 mg/l/d (anhydrous substance).
Acute Toxicity - Bacteria	CE5(Ps. putida): 6500 mg/l/16 h (anhydrous substance).
Acute Toxicity - Other Organisms	EC5(Protozoa: E. sulcatum): 65 mg/l/72 h (anhydrous substance).
13. Disposal cons	siderations

Disposal<br/>ConsiderationsWhatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be disposed of according to relevant local,<br/>state and federal government regulations.

#### 14. Transport information Transport Dangerous goods of Class 3 (Flammable Liquid) are incompatible in a placard load with any of the Information following: Class 1, Class 2.1, if both the Class 3 and Class 2.1 dangerous goods are in bulk, Class 2.3, Class 4.2, Class 5, Class 6, if the Class 3 dangerous goods are nitromethane, Class 7. **U.N. Number** 1170 UN proper shipping ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL) name **Transport hazard** 3 class(es) •2YE Hazchem Code **Packaging Method** 3.8.3RT1 **Packing Group** Ш **EPG Number** 3A1 **IERG Number** 14

#### 15. Regulatory information

 Regulatory
 Listed in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

 Information
 Poisons Schedule

 Not Scheduled
 Not Scheduled

#### 16. Other Information

Literature	'Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons No. 6', Commonwealth of Australia,
References	February 2015.
	Lewis, Richard J. Sr. 'Hawley's Condensed Chemical Dictionary 13th. Ed.', Rev., John Wiley and Sons, Inc., NY, 1997.
	National Road Transport Commission, 'Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail 7th. Ed.', 2007.
	Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice fot the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals', 2011.
	Standards Australia, 'SAA/SNZ HB 76:2010 Dangerous Goods - Initial Emergency Response Guide',

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Contract	Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand, 2010. Safe Work Australia, 'Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC:1008 (2004)]'. Safe Work Australia, 'Hazardous Substances Information System, 2005'. Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice for the Labelling of Safe Work Hazardous Substances (2011)'. Safe Work Australia, 'National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)]'.
Person/Point	All information provided in this data sheet or by our technical representatives is compiled from the best knowledge available to us. However, since data, safety standards and government regulations are subject to change and the conditions of handling and use, or misuse, are beyond our control, we make no warranty either expressed or implied, with respect to the completeness or accuracy to the information contained herein. The supplier accepts no responsibility whatsoever for its accuracy or for any results that may be obtained by customers from using the data and disclaims all liability for reliance on information provided in this data sheet or by our technical representatives.
Empirical Formula Structural Formula	& CH3CH2OH End Of MSDS